

# ROBOMINERS

Resilient Bio-inspired Modular Robotic Miners

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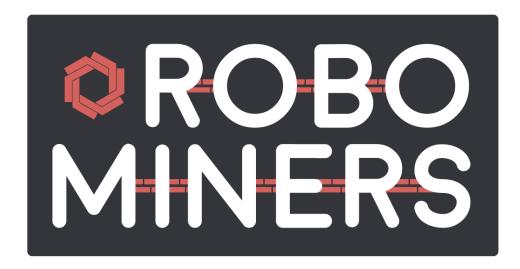
### The Centre for Automation and Robotics

Universidad The Spanish National Politécnica de Madrid Research Council **POLITÉCNICA** CSIC Industrial Automation **Automation and Robotics** Institute (IAI) division (AKA DISAM) Est. 2009 CENTRE FOR AUTOMATION AND ROBOTICS Inert unnecessarily complex organization here bio-inspired aslab systems lab

Staff: 140 (approx)

- 30 permanent researchers
- ≈ 90 researchers: PhD candidates,
   PostDocs and Visitants
- 10 technical assistants and 10 admin assistants







### Project's quick facts

• Call Topic: SC5-09-2018-2019 "New solutions for sustainable production of raw materials" (RIA)

- Project duration: 48 months
- Project total cost/ EU contribution: 7,4 M€
- Coordinating entity: Universidad Politécnica de Madrid
- Country: Spain
- Project web site: <u>www.robominers.eu</u>
- 14 partners, 11 European countries
  - Geo-scientific SMEs (LPRC, GEOM, KUTEC, RCI)
  - Academics covering both mining (UNIM, MUL) and robotics (UPM, TALL, TUT)
  - Non-governmental (ASSIM, EFG)
  - Governmental (GeoZS, RBINS, IGSMIE)



















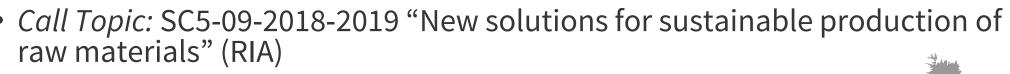


















To develop a **bio-inspired**, **modular** and **reconfigurable** robotminer



For **small** and **difficult to access** deposits



Equipped with selective mining perception and mining tools



That can be **delivered in modules** to the deposit via a large diameter borehole



Mining underground, underwater in a flooded environment.







- 1. Robot parts (modules) are sent underground via a borehole
- 2. They self-assemble to form a fully funcional robot
- 3. Using specialised sensing devices, they detect ore
- 4. They produce slurry that is pumped out
- 5. They can re-configure on-the-fly





 Abandoned mines. ROBOMINERS presents a solution for reopening many of Europe's abandoned underground mines, without the need for a full recommissioning and in particular without the need for dewatering the mine.



Left: Metals mined from the Cornwall mineralised belt. Right: Ruins of the abandoned Botallack Mine in Cornwall. Operating from the 1500s to 1895, Botallack was once one of the greatest copper and tin mines in England



### Targeted mines

• **Ultra depth.** Under this application scenario a large diameter borehole will be drilled from the surface to the deep-seated deposit.

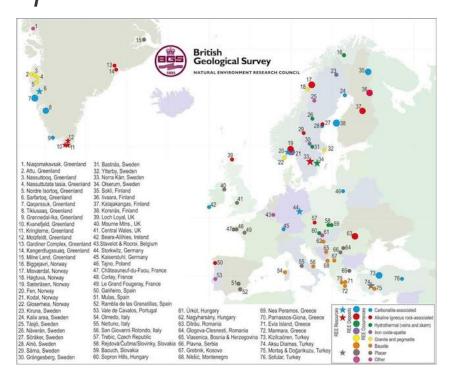


Extension of the Kupferschiefer Formation

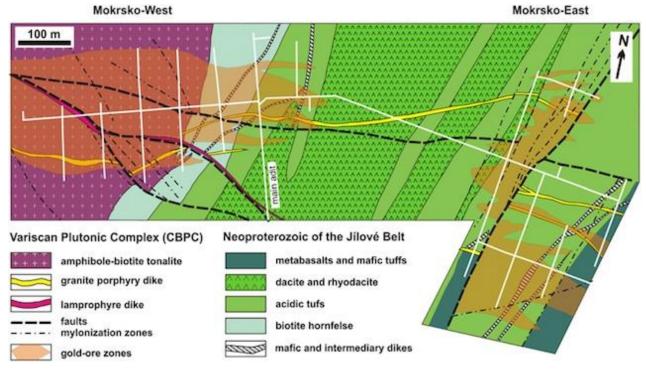


### Targeted mines

• Small but high grade mineral deposits. The proposed technology does not require the development of any mine infrastructure and even very small deposits can be mined.



Locations of the enrichments of rare earth elements in Europe.



Geological map of the Mokrsko-West and Mokrsko-East deposits (horizontal section at ca. 300 m a.s.l.)



## Specific objectives



Construct a fully functional modular robot miner prototype capable of performing selective mining



Validate all key functions of the robot-miner to a level of TRL-4.



Design a mining ecosystem of expected future upstream/downstream raw materials processes via simulations, modelling and virtual prototyping



Use the prototypes to study and advance future research challenges on

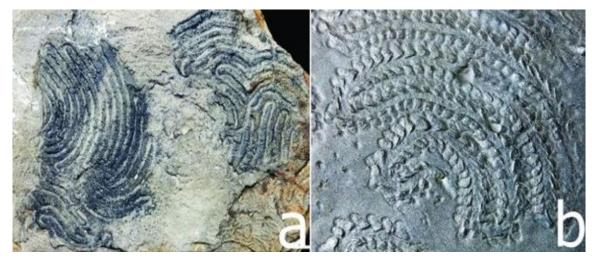
- scalability, resilience, re-configurability, self-repair, collective behavior, operation in harsh environments,
- selective mining,
- production methods, as well as for the
- necessary converging technologies on an overall mining ecosystem level.





### • Bio-inspired, modular and reconfigurable





*Inspired on insects and burrowing animals* 

2D and 3D feeding patterns as shown by trace fossils.



• Bio-inspired, modular and reconfigurable



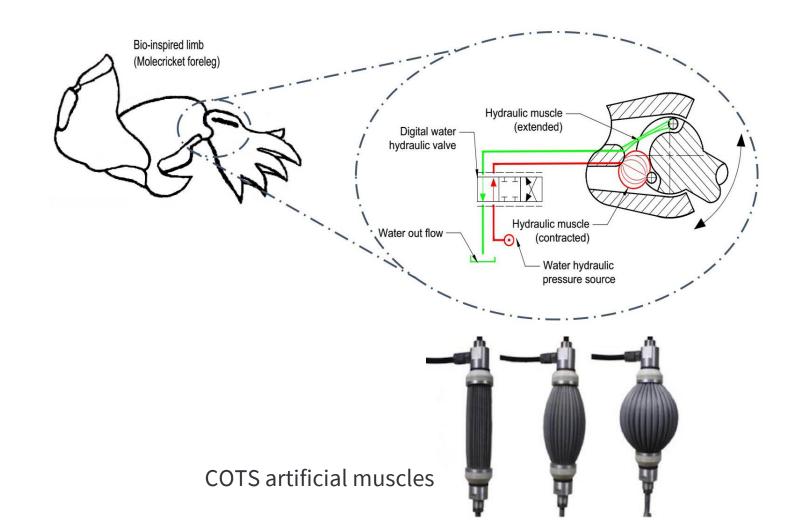




### Bio-inspired, modular and reconfigurable

### Tech specs:

- 0.5-1 ton
- 20-30 kW
- Hydraulic
- Tethered





#### • Bio-inspired, modular and reconfigurable



Modular robotic platform.

Each leg is a completely autonomous robot, equipped with CPU, batteries and comms.

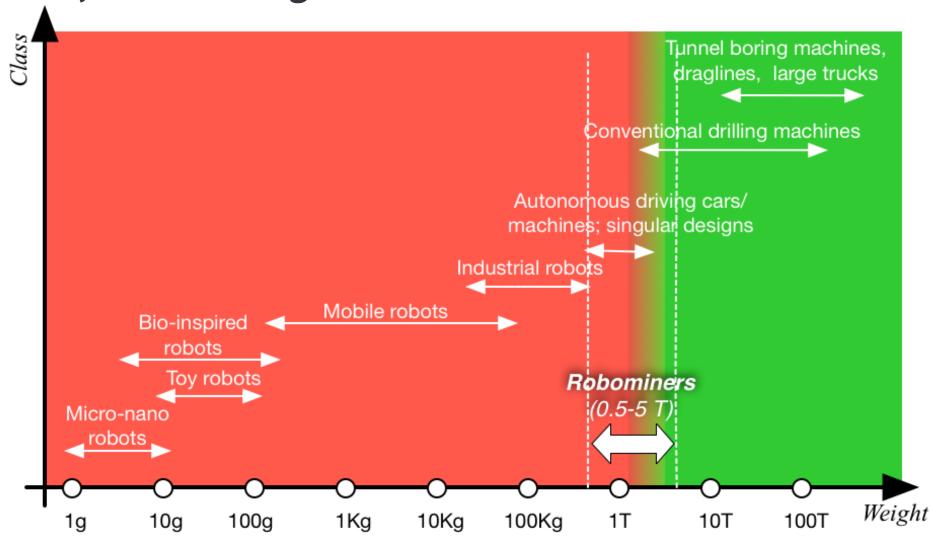
The end-effector is changeable.

Used to validate the concepts that are being discussed in Robominers.

(Source: M. Hernando, UPM)



• Big robot, small mining machine







Instrumentation strategies for **in-stream** elemental analysis:

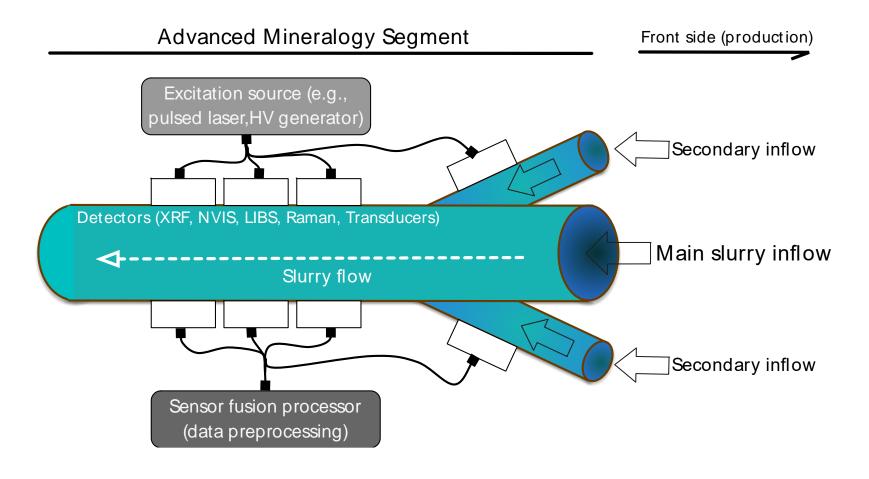
 high sensitivity solid state XRF spectrometer / LIBS spectrometer and Gamma-Ray spectrometer.

Instrumentation strategies for **in-stream** molecular analysis:

 Optical UV-VIR-NIR techniques, including Resonance UV Raman spectroscopy, time resolved VIS Raman spectroscopy, NIR absorption spectroscopy and LINF spectroscopy.

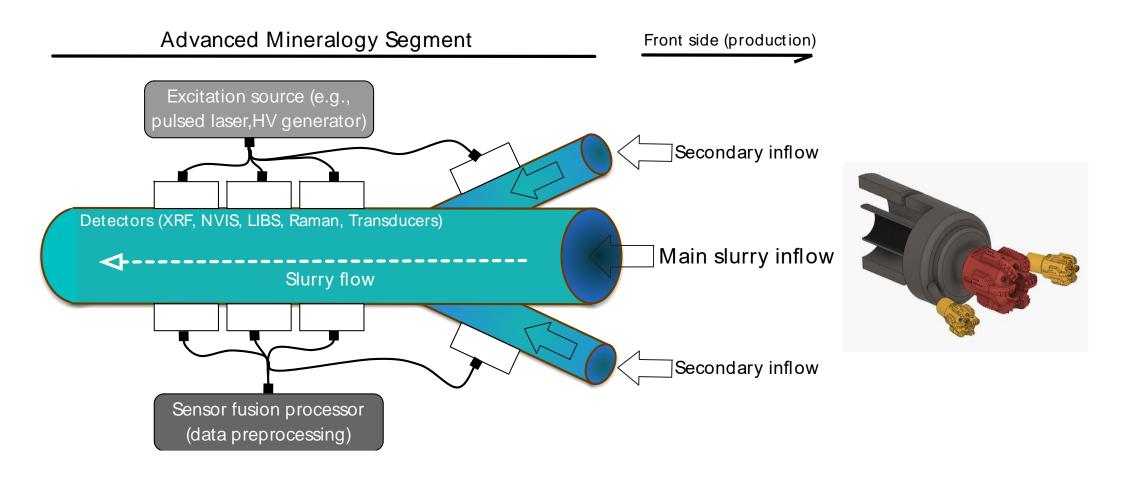


#### "Digestive" mineralogy



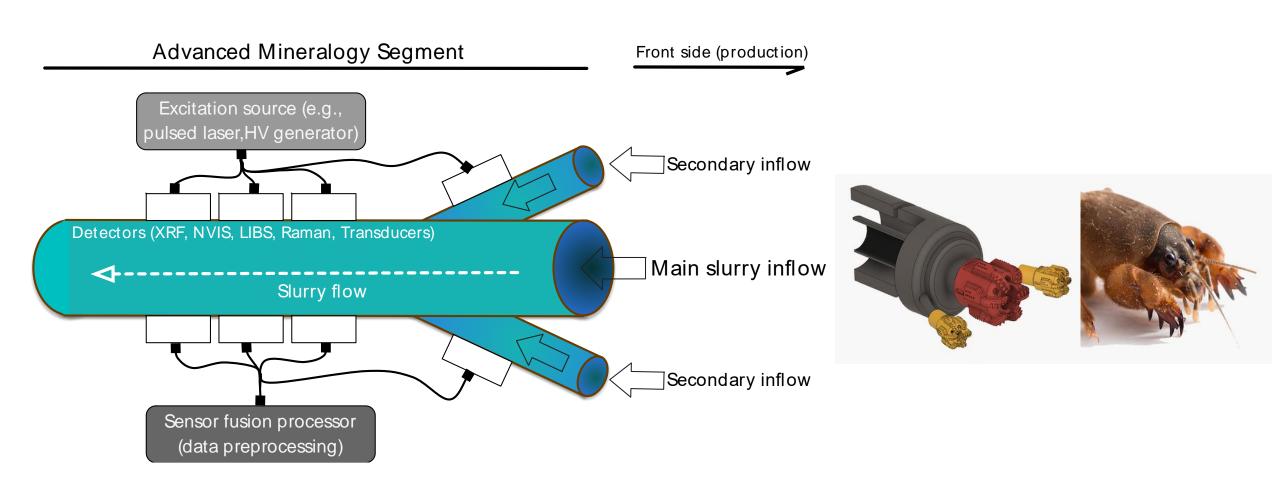


#### "Digestive" mineralogy



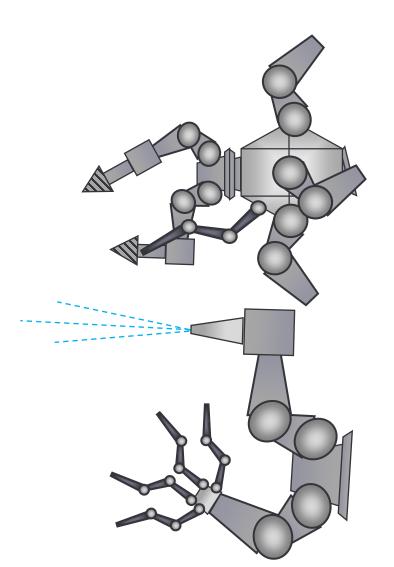


### "Digestive" mineralogy





## Selective mining/2: production



#### **Production tools**

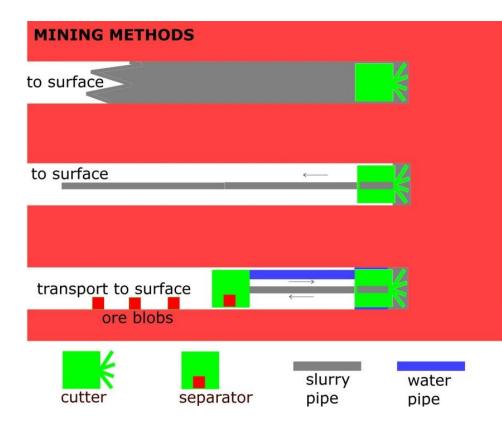
- Tricone drill bit
- Hydrodemolition
- Cavitation
- Micro-blasting?







- Need of a new approach to mining strategy and mine design
- Studying and simulating the various systems components in future mining scenarios
- Creating a simulated environment for the entire mining operation, considering
  - drilling methods
  - mineral exploration
  - minerals processing and transport options
  - power supply scenarios
  - mine design and mine geometry
- Micro and macroeconomics studies



Simple SIMIO simulation, by RCI



## Vision

	ROBOMINERS	2030 vision	2050 vison
ROBOTICS	Demonstrator for modularity, self-assembly, perception and navigation, resilience in extreme underground environments	First industrial pilot, tethered, semiautonomous operation	Full autonomy, self- reconfigurability, self- awareness collective robotics.
SELECTIVE MINING	New mineral perception, detection and classification, as well as new production tools, demonstrated to TRL 4/5	First industrial pilot application	Autonomous mining
MINING ECOSYSTEM	Study of a mining ecosystem of downstream and upstream processes, Identify research challenges for logistics, environment, mineral processing, borehole drilling technology, dredging & pumping	First industrial application in a "small deposit scenario" or "abandoned mine scenario" with on-site minerals processing and paste refilling	Industrial applications in "ultra-depth" scenarios  Small mines deliver a considerable share of the EU's critical minerals production
SUSTAINABILITY ASSESSMENT	Financial viability assessment, sustainability, environmental and ethical considerations  *esearch roadmap for development of supporting technologies	Simplified permitting procedures for small-scale mining supporting policy and legal framework for small-scale mining.	New innovation ecosystem: SMEs and entrepreneurs are working towards further miniaturisation and versatility



### Thank you!

